In a recent article on Martha iche, she was quoted as saying that the first storekeeper in Polonia was Joe Bishop, a German emigrant married to a Polish lady.

An immediate response to this came from Joseph Formella of Stevens Point who told me that the Polish lady referred to was his mother, and that the name was not "Bishop" but Bischoff.

Since Bischoff is pronounced "bish-off" in English, it is easy to understand why Mrs. Liebe and others called him Bishop. In fact, the name appears as Bishop on one of the early town plats of Sharon

The word "bischoff" in means bishop. German although the correct spelling would be "bischof," would pronounced bis'kof.

I went to see Mr. Formella at his home on 506 Indiana Ave. I remember he once had an orchestra which played for dances and weddings around Ellis and Rosholt. His mother, who was widowed in 1889, married John Formella and Joseph was their first born followed by Emil, Adolph. Anton and the twins, Daisy and Bernadotte.

I knew Emil in my youth. He jad just returned from service in World War I and had taken over an old blacksmith shop straddling Flume Crrek in Rosholt. I went to him for borseshoe nails which I twisted around the anvil to make finger rings for my girl friends in seventh grade.

Mr. Formella's mother was Magdalene Prondzinski "from home." I like this expression. It is more colorful than "what is your maiden name?" or, as it is used in Norwegian, "what is your girl name?"

The family of Xavier Prondzinski emigrated to the United States from Posen (Posnan in Polish) after the Civil War, and settled first around Berlin, Wis., where Magdalene, aged 13, found work as a waitress. Since there was a small settlement of Polish people around Berlin, she was probably working in a restaurant that catered to Polish patrons.

Later, Magdalene came on a visit to Portage County to see her sister who had married William Glizinski of the Town of Sharon. Somewhere along the terminal moraine, she met Joe Bischoff and the gleam in his eye met hers and they were later married, which was rather unusual for a Polish girl to be marrying a German youth of the first generation.

Joe Bischoff had a brother, August, and a sister, Mrs. Thomas Radzinski. pioneered on a farm about a mile north of Ellis on County Trunk J.

Magdalene were August, no doubt named after his uncle, Helen (Mrs. John Kirsling), Clara (Mrs. Felix Woyak), and Frank. August later operated a blacksmith shop located on the south side of Highway 66 near the intersection of County Trunk J.

There are two account books preserved in the Formella family from the Polonia store, one that records cash income and expenditures, and a second, a ledger, which carries the charge accounts of the customers. The cash book begins Aug. 13,

The ledger begins in late 1886 and ends inconclusively in the 1890s. Prior to 1889 the handwriting is Joe Bischoff's. After his death, others were making entires including, no doubt, Mrs. Bischoff, and in 1892 a new handwriting appears, namely that of John Formella who had married Bischoff's widow.

Bur Formella was more store business. He moved his new family to a house that stood on the northeast corner of Highway 66 and County Trunk J (east of Ellis) where his wife operated a small store in the house for a time. This house is still standing, although remodeled by later owners.

There is reason to believe that the first store in Polonia was opened earlier than 1877. The Sharon tax roll on per-

sonal property for 1875 lists "August & Brother, Bischoff" with a combined valuation of

Since this figure is much higher than most of the other names in the roll, it would suggest that their personal property included merchandise for a store, not just wagons and sleighs or cattle.

It also indicates that August and Joe were in business together in the beginning. August left two or three years later, it appears, and moved to Stevens Point where he ran a saloon and did much of the buying for his brother in Polonia.

Unfortunately for posterity, the store ledger referred to does not indicate what the customers were buying at the store, only the amounts. But the cash book makes brief mention of some items purchased from wholesalers in Stevens Point. mostly from H.D. McCulloch Co. and Krembs Hardware.

were berring, flour, nails, lanterns, spokes, whitefish, "botter." gun shot and powder, cigars, coffee, beer and whisky.

In May 1882 first mention is made to "pop" which was being purchased from the Lutz Brewery in Stevens Point. Bischoff got most of his beer there as well as from Kuhl's Brewery

But the source of whisky is not given, probably because most of it was manufactured locally by moonshiners.

All in all the range of merchandise suggests a wellstocked store, even to "notions," ready to serve the immediate needs of the farmers in the area.

Bischoff was also hiring people to make shingles, it appears, and he bought shingles as well which he sold. These were "shakes," often called "shave" shingles because they were shaved from cedar blocks.

The attracted store customers from most of Sharon Township, a few from Pike Lake, and a few from Stockton and Alban, such as the Liebe, Windorf and Simonis families.

It was centrally located and stood diagonally across the road from the present Polonia Branch of the State Bank of Rosholt in what is today the tavern of Henry Zywicki, although the present building is completely remodeled. Upstairs, over the store, was a dance hall where the Formellas and Schliesmanns played for wedding affairs and other occasions in the years before World War I.

For the sake of genealogists, the names of Bischoff's customers will be listed below, alphabetically, as they appear at the beginning of the ledger where the page number of each account is given.

Bischoff's spelling of Polish names is fairly good and suggests that he had a working knowledge of English by this time and as a whole there is little to quarrel with. I will make no attempt to correct the names because some Polish families to this day do not agree on the same spelling, even between cousins. This is not uncommon among other ethnic groups either.

Several names of customers begin with a "W." This takes a sound in Polish although one would have to be born in Warsaw to be able to give this its proper pronounciation.

I will not carry the names beyond 1889 because after that date the ledger becomes confused and accounts are filled in the pages retroactively by a later handwriting. Here, then, are the names of most of Bischoff's customers from 1887 to 1889 with spellings as used in

John Akman (Eckman), Peter Brixius, Joseph Burant, Frank Bronk, Aby (Abbe) Boyington, August and Carl Joseph Prondjinski, Bernard Betker, John Blumer, Matis and Michael Peankowski, Blashkowski, Frank Baron, Andrew Baker, Steffan Brand, C. Barwig, Anton Bigus, J.A. Brown, Joseph Pilowski, Paul Bilawa, Adam Burant, Frank Bender, John Bigus, John Bushman, John Britzen, Peter Bunger, Agata Bronk, Michael Celman, Joseph Czech, John Cherwonka, Joseph Cpelyna, Joseph Cwilkinski, Mathias and Frank Czech, Martin Cychosh, Frank Bombenik, Teofil Bronk, Jacob Cychosh, Joseph Cysewski and Frank Baska.

Michael Doyle, Peter Doyle, August Dzwankowski, Albert Dalman, Martin Doyle, Frank Disher, August Dalman, August Dale, Teofil Dalman, Peter Eiden, John Eiden Jr., Albert Feltz, John Flis, Joseph Fridach, August Gershewski, Paul, Teofil and John Garski, interested in farming than the Fred Golenbeck, Joseph Gostomski, Bartlema Gliniski, John Gladowski, Martin Gersewski, Michael Glodowski, Frank Gilbrand, Frank Gagas, John Goytowski, Walentin Gagas, Joseph Grocholski, Math Griwacz (?), Math and Frank Gosh, Adam Gorecki, August Glischinski, John Henca (today probably Hintz), D. Hauk, Joseph Helminski, Charles Harris, Martin Henca, Peter Firek and John Kositz. (The last name is no doubt an abbreviation for Kozic-

> zkowski). Bernard Konopacki, August Kranski, Nick Kischewski, John Kluk, Joseph Kluk (after this name the words "Pike Lake" have been inserted), Klopatek, John Frank Konopacki, August Kniter, Paul Koklinski, Joseph Kurkowski, Frank Kluk, Albert Kulas, Christ Kniple, Nick Klemen, Michael Kotlowski. Peter Krodidlowski, Xavier Krizan, Peter Kotz, August Kluk, Winzent Kedeowski, Peter Kniple, John Kotlowski, Andrew Kedrowicz, Martin Kisewski, John Knufel, John Konopachki, Paul Kiedrowski, Lucian Kobasuiski, Paul Kasobucki, Michael Kluk, Frank Kolinski, Joseph Kluk

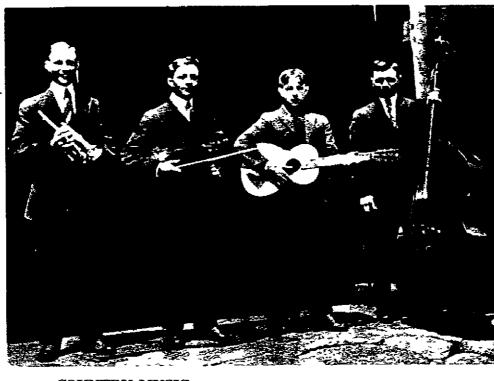
Kuklinski. Simon Liewandowski, Anton Lepak, Frank Landowski, Joseph Lezeczinski, Lorance Lewinski, John Liebe, Charles

(of Custer), and Stefan



PIONEER STORE

This was Polonia's first store building. The photo was taken around 1895 after it had been converted to a saloon. The sign above the porch reads "Walter Bros. Lager" but the beer cases at left were from Stevens



COUNTRY MUSIC

This was the Formella orchestra, photographed around 1913 near Ellis. From left are Edward Prodzinski, Joseph Formella, Anton Formella and Max Prodzinski.

Lepinski, Anton Lorbiecki, Frank Leshinski, Joseph Liebe, Themas Lepinski, George Ledwerowski, John Landowski, Adam Lubazkî, Stefan Lescinski, Thomas Lepinski, Lehmen, Joseph Thomas Lukowicz, Anton and Frank Nowak, Frank Nodolini, Louis Norlach, Casemier, Alex, Frank, Peter, Martin and Andrew Ostrowski, and Stefan Oka (?).

John, Anton and Felix Pliska. Josephina Palberg, Stanislaus Pewelski, Math Pichowski, Frank Polchibski, Joseph Piechowski, Michael Platta, Joseph Paschelka, Walentin Polak, John Pitarski and Martin Pashelka.

Stefan Spiza, Thomas Badzinski, Sewester Redin (Sylvester Reading, probably), Thomas Kosik, Michael Studinski, John and Joseph Stroik, Martin Schulist, August Sliwiz (?), Peter Smith, John Selewski, Walentin Shymenski, Frank Soechka, Mrs. John Sikorski, Frank Soikas, John Simonis, Stolz Pike Lake that is, a Stolz who lived near Pike Lake), Frank Stroik, Jacob Sychosh, Frank Schelbrachkowski, John Stenka, John Suika, John Stensal, and August Slagoski "old man" (notation).

John Turinski, Andrew Treczinski, Loranc Tuskowski, Paul Thomashewski, Tedodora Rozek, Joseph Treder, and Mathias Triba.

Aibert Jacob Wanta, Wirosmielski, Joseph Wanta Jr., John Werowinski, Joseph Woyak (Pike Lake), John Wanta, Mathias Wysocki, Henry Wendorff (today Windorf), John Wendorff, Vincent Wirshba (today Wierzba), Frank Weisberg, Fred Wendorff, Basel Wanta, Anton Woyak, August Wroblewski, Wenserski, Albert Wanta, Nick Weranka, Thomas August Yenter, John Yach. Yagla, Joseph Jelinski, John Zira, Jacob and John Zinda, John, Joseph and Walentin Zelneski, and John and Stefan

Zywicki. The name of Albert Feltz is interesting because it shows that at this early date the family had already changed or shortened the name from Felkowski. The name Klopatek means "little worry," and the name Ostrowski means something fast or speedy. The name Soikas is today Soik, originally Sujecki, meaning blue jay." Mary Wenserski, who is

mentioned above, was a rather well-known figure in the 1880s and 1890s in Sharon. She was the community midwife and any number of senior citizens in their 80's today, who were born

in Sharon, can thank Mary for their first slap into life.

Most rural communities, whether Polish, German or Scandinavian, and their midwives in the pioneer period of settlement. Doctors could not reach the scattered farms, especially in winter, and it was not until after the turn of the century that doctors began to complete seriously with the midwives.

After World War I (1918), the profession was being phased out. Many of these women were trained in Europe before they emigrated and were in demand as soon as they arrived. If they got a dollar for their services they were lucky!

Matt Triba was nother Bischoff customer. He, like many other pioneers, farmed in summer and worked the woods in winter. I have a picture of him taken with a logging crew at "Blue City," a camp west of Elderon around 1909. Two years ago I took the picture out to his place to have it identified but Matt could not see well. He was one of the last men alive on the picture and a few months after I saw him he too was

John Cherwonka was another customer, a man who in the early 1900s who was famous as one of the best cooks in the logging camps around Rosholt,

Galloway and Holt. After the logging industry moved further north, Cherwonka retired from the woods and opened a saloon on the Sharon-Alban range line. I think the line must have run

straight through his bar. In any event, it was not actually called a saloon. It was a "hop house" because it had been converted from an older building where hops were once cured or stored, and everyone called the saloons in this area

"hop houses."

John Cherwonka was known to all the Polish lumberjacks from Polonia to Bevent, to the Irish from Manawa and to the Norwegians from Rosholt as "Uncle John" and his place of business was called "Uncle John's.'

My old friend Nils, who lived east of the village, well remembered him, and one day when he was feeling good, he began to tell me about the "hop houses" which naturally led to Uncle John.

Nils said he had been to Stevens Point one time on an errand with two men from Iola, both Norwegians, and on their return they had stopped at Uncle John's to water the horses and slake their own thirst which had grown quite critical by this time.

Nils and partners went in and took a place at the bar and had scarcely been served when a Polish customer at the other end of the bar, flanked by two of his compatriots, looked at the strangers and said, "Don't you know? We're killin' Norwegians here today.'

Nils, who was built strong as an ox, said he grabbed the beer bottle and challenged the Norwegian-killers to approach. "And they came at me," he said, raising his voice in braggadocio, "and I gave the first one the bottle right over his head and went down, and the second one I jammed into the wall and the third one I threw straight out the screen door. And ol' Uncle John stood there and laughed like he was going to die!'

When I asked Nils what happened to his two partners, he said, "Them peoples ran the first thing and they must have been half way to Iola before I ketched up to them."

At least that's the way Nils

VALENTINE'S DAY FRIDAY, FEB. 14TH-8:30 to 12:30

AL KUNST

SATURDAY, FEB. 15TH

CARL and CONCERTINA EDDIE BEAUTIFUL DOWNTOWN PLOVER

Park's support County court traffic cases drops 20% City Traffic Cases pleaded guilty to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants and

Thursday, February 13, 1975 Stevens Point (Wis.) Daily Journal

in Korean vote

SEOUL, South Korea (AP) -

President Chung Hee Park to-

day termed the referendum en-

dorsement of his policies "a

valuable decision on the part of

the people." But the voting re-

turns showed a drop of more

than 20 per cent in public sup-

port for Park's authoritarian

The government said returns

from 98 per cent of the ballots

cast in Wednesday's referen-

dum showed 9,710,569 in favor

of Park's major policies, 3,328,-

739 opposed and 231,523 ballots

About 80 per cent of those eli-

gible voted, so the total in fa-

vor of the president represent-

ed about 58 per cent of the 16.7-

This was a sizable drop from

the results of the 1972 referen-

dum which endorsed Park's re-

vision of the constitution to pro-

long his hold on the presidency

and enlarge his powers. The

vote in his favor then was 12,-

863,468, or more than 80 per

cent of the electorate, with 1,-

087,965 opposed and a 90 per

The president's victory state-

ment was conciliatory in tone.

But a spokesman for the Na-

tional Congress for the Restora-

tion of Democracy, a coalition

of political, civic and religious

bodies, predicted a crackdown

on opposition leaders that he

said would show the "dictato-

rial nature" of the government.

Park said he would develop a

"nonpartisan national political

system on the basis of a nation-

al consensus . . . There must be

no victors nor any losers in the

referendum ... It was the

choice of the majority of the

people on the basis of demo-

The voters were given only

one choice: to say they ap-

proved or opposed the "major

policies" of the 57-year-old for-

mer general who has ruled

South Korea since he led a mil-

itary coup in 1961. The govern-

ment viewed the referendum as

a test of support for the 1972

constitution, and Park said he

would quit if the vote went

A spokesman for the largest

anti-Park political party, the

New Democratic, said the par-

ty would keep up its fight for a

democratic constitution despite

the government's victory.

cratic principles."

against him.

million electorate.

cent turnout.

Laddie F. Hintz, Route 4, Stevens Point, pleaded no contest to speeding, was found guilty and was fined \$60 and \$7

Donald H. Stremkowski, 2411 school. Conant St., Whiting, pleaded guilty to operating a motor vehicle while under the in-Bancroft, pleaded innocent to speeding, was found guilty after a trial and was fined \$100 fluence of intoxicants and was and \$27.80 costs. fined \$175 and \$7 costs. In lieu of license revocation, he may 1, Plover, pleaded no contest to attend drivers safety school. speeding, was found guilty and

Timothy P. Cyra, Route 2, Junction City, pleaded guilty to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants and was fined \$175 and \$7 costs. His driver's license was revoked for 90 days.

William G. Herz, Route 1, Bancroft, pleaded guilty to speeding and was fined \$80 and \$7 costs

Frank L. Domka, 817 Reserve St. N., pleaded no contest to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants, was found guilty and was fined \$175 and \$7 costs. His driver's license was revoked for 90 Dean E. Lively Jr., Palm

Springs, Calif., forfeited \$67 for speeding.

County Traffic Cases Michael R. Miller, Menasha,

and \$7 costs. In lieu of license revocation, he may attend drivers safety school. Wayne A. Slowinski, 1704 Jackson St., Plover, pleaded guilty to operating a motor vehicle while under the in-

was fined \$175 and \$7 costs. In

lieu of license revocation, he

may attend drivers safety

William G. Herz, Route 1,

Robert C. McDonald, Route

Steven M. Ashenbrenner,

Shawano, pleaded guilty to operating a motor vehicle while

under the influence of in-

toxicants and was fined \$175

was fined \$80 and \$7 costs

Page 19

fluence of intoxicants and was fined \$175 and \$7 costs. In lieu of license revocation, he may attend drivers safety school. Robert J. Flatoff, 281 guilty to operating a motor

Washington Ave., pleaded vehicle while under the influence of intoxicants and was fined \$175 and \$7 costs. In lieu of license revocation, he may attend drivers safety school



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breaded and deep-fried to golden perfection, served on a toasted bun with lettuce and our very own Brazier sauce. Try one today. Bring all your shipmates!



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